NURSING CARE PLAN

After completing the assessment, use this as a guide for patient education and recommending corrective action.

General Housing Characteristics		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Age of home	 If built before 1978, educate as follows: Home is likely to have lead paint. Lead hazards can be harmful to young children's health and development. If family has a child less than six years old then it is important to test for lead hazards. Get more information about lead testing at www.epa.gov/lead/ and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 If your child is less than six years old, contact the childhood lead poisoning prevention program (CLPPP) at your state and local departments of health. Consider getting a lead paint inspection or risk assessment to determine whether there are lead hazards in your home. If there are hazards, repair them based on state and local regulations and requirements. Consult with state CLPPP.
Heating source - Other: Kerosene heaters, space heaters, fireplaces, wood stoves	 Counsel family about the dangers of such heating sources in terms of fire safety and indoor air quality. Get more information about indoor air quality and combustion sources in the home at http://www.epa.gov/iaq/combust.html and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Make sure kerosene heaters are vented to the outdoors or not used. Make sure space heaters are at least 3 feet from anything flammable. When necessary, use only 12 or 14 gauge extension cords (the lower the better). Ensure that there is a good seal on fireplace screen or woodstove doors.
Filters	 Counsel family to do proper filter maintenance. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Change filters quarterly. Use filters which are rated MERV 10.
Indoor Pollutants		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Vaporizers/Humidifiers	 Counsel the family about the importance of proper vaporizer/humidifier maintenance and impact of mold growth on patient health. Get more information about humidifier maintenance at http://www.epa.gov/iag/pubs/humidifier maintenance and impact of mold set on the set on the	 Change the water daily with clean cold water. Use distilled or demineralized water. Clean humidifier every 3 days. Follow manufacturer's instructions. Change filter regularly. Follow manufacturer's instructions. Change more often if dirty. Keep surrounding area dry. Drain and clean humidifier before storing. Only run humidifier a few hours a day to avoid mold growth.
Mold/Musty odor	 Educate family about the importance of keeping things dry and the impact of mold on family health. Get more information at <u>http://www.epa.gov/mold/moldguide.html</u> and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Any mold or musty odor must be investigated for a source of water. Examine plumbing, roofing, or other possible leaks. If homeowner, then make necessary repairs. If renter, then talk with your landlord about needed repairs. Consider calling the local board of health for possible code violations.

Indoor Pollutants (continu		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Pets	 If patient is allergic to pets, educate as follows: Pets should not be allowed in bedrooms. If possible, pets should be given away. If pets cannot be given away, wash and groom pet to reduce allergens. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	□ If symptomatic, get allergen testing to determine if you are allergic to pets.
Infestations (mice, rats, cockroaches)	 Educate family about pest management and behavior change. Get more information and order print materials at <u>www.epa.gov/pesticides/catalogue</u> and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Eliminate water and food sources. Seal garbage and all foodstuffs. Look for water leaks. Call local board of health for inspection AVOID "bombs" of pesticides. Hire, or talk to your landlord about hiring, an exterminator for "Integrated Pest Management" which does NOT include spraying pesticides.
Lead paint hazards	 See "Age of Home" above. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	□ See "Age of Home" above.
Radon	 Educate family about impact of radon on health. Get more information about radon and radon testing at <u>www.epa.gov/radon/</u> and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Consider purchasing a radon home test kit. Consult with your state and local departments of health about radon.
Asbestos	 Educate family about impact of asbestos on health. Get more information about asbestos testing at <u>www.epa.gov/asbestos/</u> and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Do not disturb any surfaces which might contain asbestos. Consult with your state and local departments of health about asbestos.
Smoke alarm/CO alarm	 □ If no smoke alarms, educate about risks and local laws regarding the presence of smoke alarms. □ Counsel family to : ○ Install smoke alarms in home on every level and in every sleeping area. ○ Test them once a month. ○ Replace the batteries at least twice a year. ○ Replace alarms every 10 years. ✓ If combustion appliances but no CO alarms, educate about risks and local laws regarding the presence of CO alarms. ✓ Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 If no smoke alarms, then: Purchase smoke alarms. Ensure that there is an operational smoke alarm on every floor of the home and in every sleeping area. Call local board of health for local smoke alarm requirements. Some states have laws regarding presence of smoke alarms. ✓ If combustion appliances but no CO alarms, then: Make sure to purchase CO alarms which log peak levels. Ensure that there is an operational CO alarm on every floor of the home. Call local board of health for local CO alarm requirements. Some states now have laws regarding presence of CO alarms.
Tobacco Smoke Exposure	 Educate about risks of environmental tobacco smoke (ETS) to children. Get more information about ETS at <u>http://www.epa.gov/smokefree/index.html</u> and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Choose not to smoke in your home and car and do not allow family and visitors to do so. Infants and toddlers are especially vulnerable to the health risks from secondhand smoke. Do not allow childcare providers or others who work in your home to smoke. Until you can quit, choose to smoke outside. Moving to another room or opening a window is not enough to protect your children. Get help to stop smoking. Refer to EPA Smokefree Home pledge website www.epa.gov/smokefree and contact local smoking cessation services.

Home Environment		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Other Irritants (scents, potpourri)	 If air fresheners present, educate as follows: Many air fresheners have volatile organic compounds (VOC) which trigger asthma. Avoid these products whenever possible. Get more information about VOCs at <u>http://www.epa.gov/iaq/voc.html</u> and provide to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	Remove air fresheners from home.
Cleaning	 Educate about benefits of wet mopping. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	Avoid dry mopping or sweeping which makes dust airborne and may trigger an asthma exacerbation. Use wet mopping instead
Drinking Water Source – Public water supply	 Get more information about water testing at <u>www.epa.gov/safewater/labs</u> Check to make sure septic system is not close to well. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family 	 Test water for lead. Contact local or state department of health for water testing information. Find out if the public water supplier has notified consumers of any violations of health-based standards in the last year.

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Drinking Water Source – Household well water	 Ask these additional questions: Is the wellhead protected and well constructed according to state or other requirements/specification? Is water tested annually for bacteria and, if pregnant woman or infants in household, nitrates, and okay? Is water tested annually, contaminants detected and alternate source used (appropriate filter or bottled water)? Is water tested annually, contaminants detected, but alternate source not used? Has the water been tested within the last year? Are there noticeable changes in water taste, odor, color or clarity? (In this case, especially if pregnant woman or infant is in the household, recommend testing more than once a year). Has there been a chemical or fuel spill leak near water supply? (If yes, recommend testing for chemical contaminants, such as volatile organic compounds). Get more information about water testing at www.epa.gov/safewater/labs Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Test water for lead. Contact local or state department of health for water testing information. See "Mold and Musty Odor" recommendations above.
	 See "Mold and Musty Odor" recommendations above. Make sure fans in bathroom and kitchen vent to the outside, not just in to walls. The goal is to take moisture out of home. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	See "Mold and Musty Odor" recommendations above.
Damage	 Educate about mold risks as they relate to damage. If family owns home, then counsel to change behaviors. If family rents home, then counsel them to talk with their landlord. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 If homeowner, then make necessary repairs. If renter, then talk with your landlord about needed repairs. Consider calling the local board of health for possible code violations.

Sleeping Area		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Mattress covers	 If patient is allergic to dust mites, educate as follows: Use allergen impermeable mattress covers with zippers on beds and pillows. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	If symptomatic, get allergen testing to determine if you are allergic to dust mites.
Carpet	Review items in "Family To Do" column with family.	 Clean wall to wall carpet with vacuum weekly. Shake area rugs outside weekly. If carpet is more than 8 years old, consider replacing it with smooth wipeable flooring to reduce dust exposure. (8 year number came from Megan Sandel. Need to determine if that is number used by others too.)
Dust catchers	Review items in "Family To Do" column with family.	 Reduce dust with less clutter. Seal clutter in bags or boxes.
Windows	 If patient is allergic to dust mites, review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 If symptomatic, get allergen testing to determine if you are allergic to dust. Use window treatments that are wipeable. Avoid curtains and drapes to reduce excessive dust exposure.
Home Safety		
General Safety		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Renovation/remodeling	 See "Age of Home" above. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 See "Age of Home" above. If the home was built pre-1978 and there is a child less than six years old: get a lead paint inspection or risk assessment. repair any lead hazards based on state and local regulations and requirements. Consult with state CLPPP. If the home was built pre-1978 and there is no child less than six years old: consult with pre-1978 and there is no child less than six years old: consult with the CLPPP at your state and local departments of health about lead-safe renovation. Change behaviors, such as modifying dust generating techniques and containing the work area.
Stairs, walls, railings, porches, lighting	 If family owns home, then counsel to change behaviors, such as making minor repairs to fix loose railings. If family rents home, then counsel them to talk with their landlord. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 If homeowner, then make necessary repairs. If renter, then talk with your landlord about needed repairs. Consider calling the local board of health for possible code violations.
Poison control	 Provide national poison control number 1-800-222- 1222 to family. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	✓ Post the national poison control number 1-800-222-1222 near telephone.

General Safety (continued)		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Family fire escape plan	 Counsel to change behaviors, such as develop a family safety plan. Get more fire safety information at http://www.usa.safekids.org/content_documents/fire_checklist.pdf Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Develop a family safety plan. Need to know two ways out of the house. Need to have a place to meet after you are outside the house. Teach children the family safety plan for escaping your home in a fire and practice it
Electrical appliance	 Counsel to change behavior. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	Do not use electrical appliances near water.
Matches and lighters	 Counsel to change behavior. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	□ Do not store matches and lighters where children can reach them.
Exterior environment	 If abundant trash and debris, counsel family about waste management. If waste containment is the problem, counsel family to talk with landlord. See "Infestations" above. If the home was built pre-1978, contact the childhood lead poisoning prevention program (CLPPP) at your state and local departments of health for information about chipping, peeling paint. See "Age of Home" above. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 ✓ See "Infestations" above. ✓ See "Age of Home" above.
Young Children		
CONCERN	NURSE TO DO	FAMILY TO DO
Hot liquids/cleaning supplies/medicines	Counsel to change behaviors.Review items in "Family To Do" column with family.	☑ Do not have hot liquids, cleaning supplies, or medicines within a child's reach
Lead testing for children less than 6 years old	 If the home was built pre-1978, counsel the family to have the child's blood tested for lead. See "Age of Home" above. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Contact the childhood lead poisoning prevention program (CLPPP) at your state and local departments of health about lead testing resources. See "Age of Home" above.
Child watched by an adult while in tub	 Counsel to change behavior. Educate family about importance of not leaving children unattended in the tub. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	Do not leave children unattended in the tub.
Hot water temperature	 Educate family about dangers of scalding. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	✓ Set hot water temperature to <120 F
Toddler gates	 Counsel family to install non-accordion toddler gates at the top and bottom of stairways. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Contact local injury prevention program to determine whether there are toddle gate resources available. Install non-accordion toddler gates at the top and bottom of stairways.

Young Children		
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Crib mattress	 Counsel family that crib mattress should fit snugly next to the crib so that there is no gap. If two adult fingers can be placed between the mattress and the crib, then counsel the family to immediately replace the mattress. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Put your baby to sleep in a crib with a firm, flat mattress and no soft bedding underneath. Ensure that your crib mattress fits snugly next to the crib so that there is no gap.
Window guards	 Counsel family about window safety. Contact local injury prevention program to determine whether there are window guard resources available. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Contact local injury prevention program to determine whether there are window guard resources available. Install window guards.
Window blind cords	 Counsel family to keep window blind cords out of children's reach and to purchase childproofing items for cord safety. Review items in "Family To Do" column with family. 	 Keep window blind cords out of children's reach Purchase childproofing items for cord safety.